

Geological Evaluation of the Cane Creek Shale, Pennsylvanian Paradox Formation, Paradox Basin, Southeastern Utah

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Utah Geological Survey

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Purpose and Rational of Study

- Goals:
 - To gain insight into the geological, geochemical, and geomechanical rock properties of Cane Creek shale.
 - To further define the play and the reservoir characteristics
- Limited research has been conducted or published

• 103 million barrels oil (95% confidence) undiscovered in Cane Creek shale (USGS 2012 Assessment)



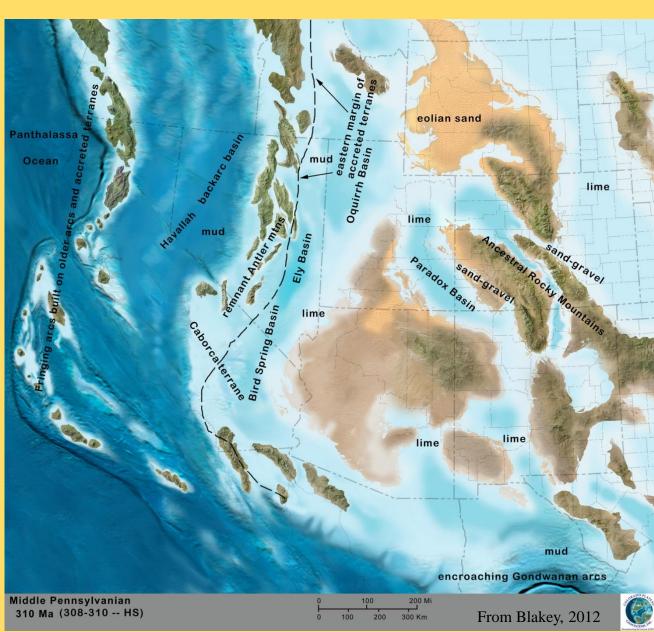
Study Resources

- Data compiled from over 160 wells
- Access to core from seven wells and cuttings from over 30 wells
 - Detailed core descriptions
 - Geomechanics and geochemistry
 - Rock mechanics (headed by Energy and Geoscience Institute, University of Utah)
- Data from industry
 - Fidelity E&P Company
 - CCI Paradox Upstream, LLC



Paradox Basin

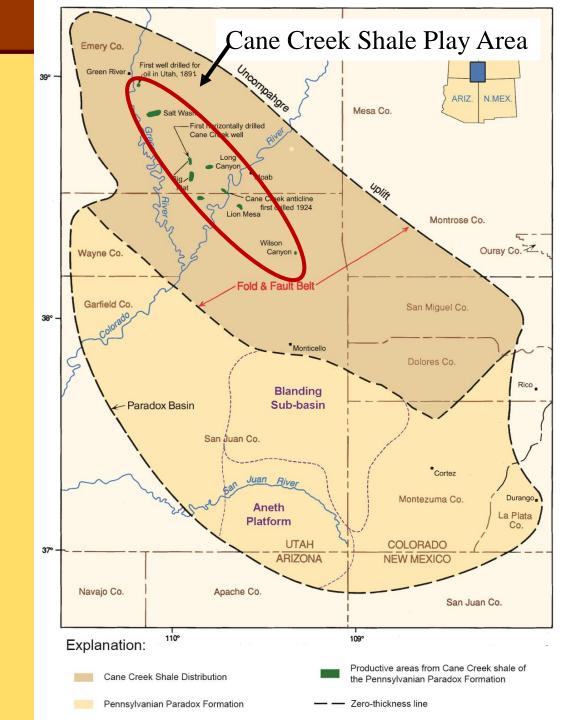
- Pennsylvanian
- Coupled to Uncompange uplift
- Sediments record
 alternating marine
 flooding evaporation
 events





Paradox Basin

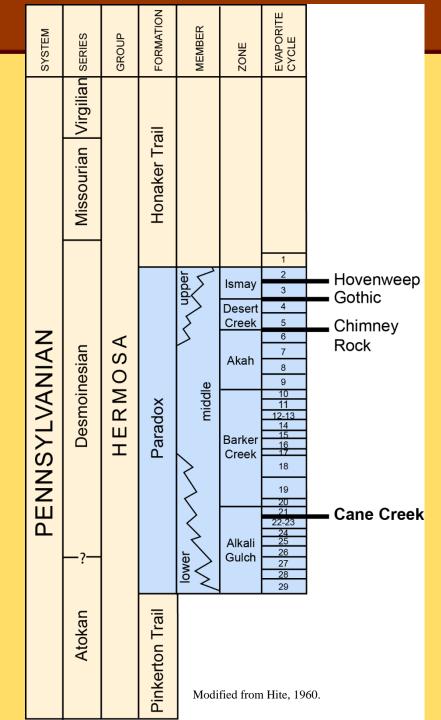
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- Coupled to
 Uncompange uplift
- Sediments record alternating marine flooding – evaporation events





Stratigraphy of Paradox Fm

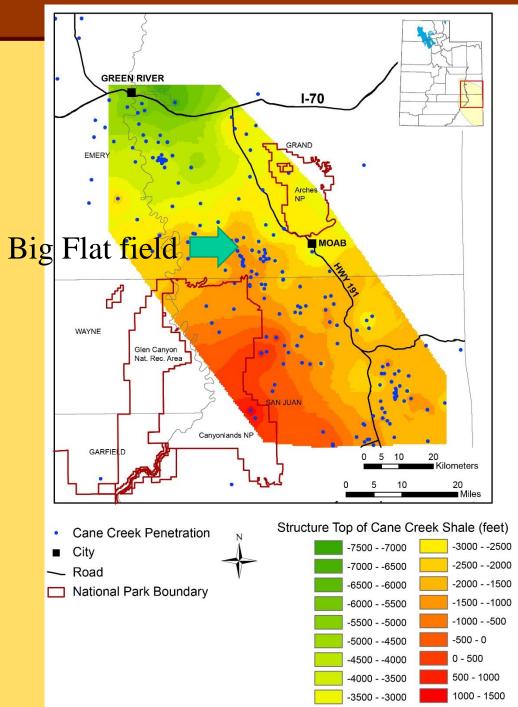
- 500 to 5000 ft thick
- 29 or more salt/clastic cycles
- Clastic cycles interbedded dolomite, dolomitic siltstone, anhydrite, and black, organic-rich shale
- Cane Creek shale base of cycle 21





Cane Creek Structure

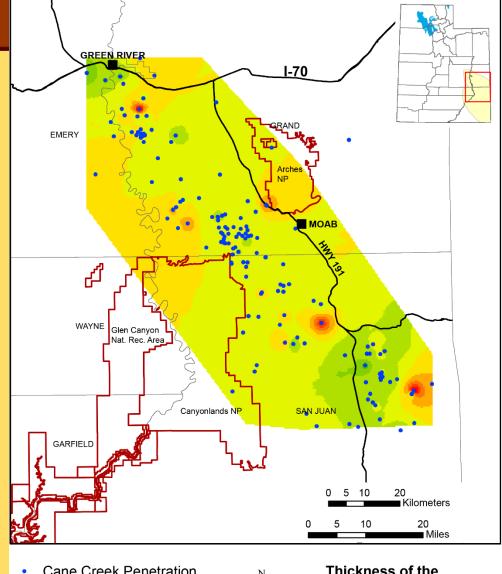
- Deeper in north part of study area
- Shallow near western edge/shelf of basin
- Majority of production from Big Flat area





Cane Creek **Thickness**

- Average = 90 feet
 - 120+ feet thick
- Thickest spots possibly due to faulting in fold/fault belt of basin
- NW-SE trending "fairway"





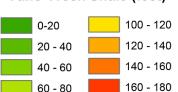
City

Road

National Park Boundary



Thickness of the Cane Creek Shale (feet)



180 - 200

80 - 100



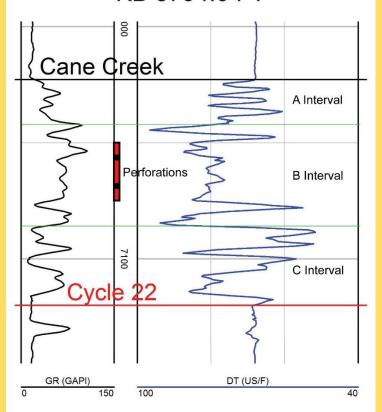
Type Log of Cane Creek

- A Interval (seal) —silty dolomite with thin organic-rich shale and abundant anhydrite
- **B Interval (reservoir)**—silty dolomite with thin organic-rich shale and minor mottled anhydrite
- C Interval (seal)—silty dolomite with abundant anhydrite and minor shale

4301915925 Southern Natural Gas Co Long Canyon, #1



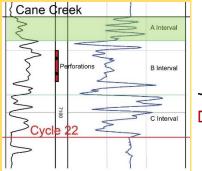
TD 8130 FT KB 5794.0 FT

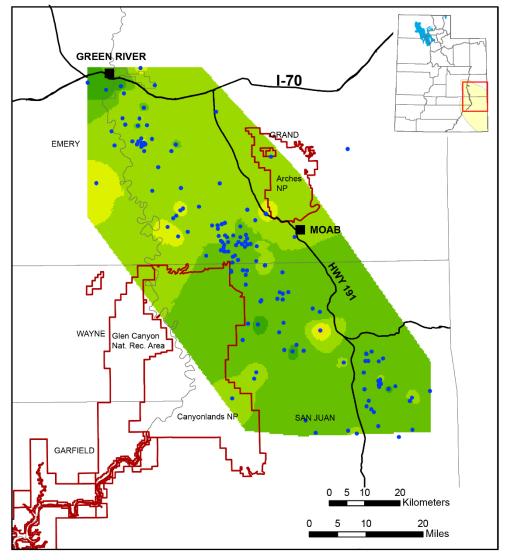




A Interval

- Upper seal
- Generally thicker to north
- Thickness range = 10 to 84 feet
- Average thickness = 31 feet

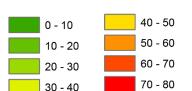




- Cane Creek Penetration
- City
 - Road
- National Park Boundary



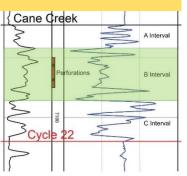
Thickness of the Cane Creek Shale A Interval (feet)

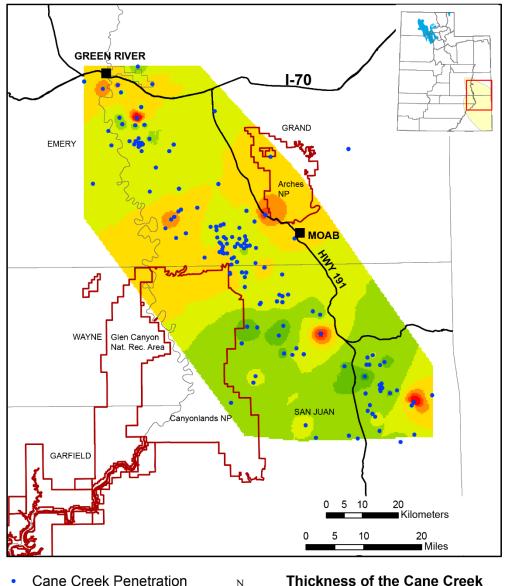




B Interval

- Reservoir
- Thickness range = 4 to 72 feet
- Average thickness = 26 feet
- Thicker E-W band near middle of play area
- Low variance in thickness
- Natural fractures trend NE-SW



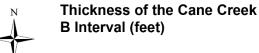




City

Road

National Park Boundary

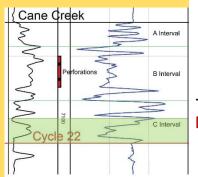


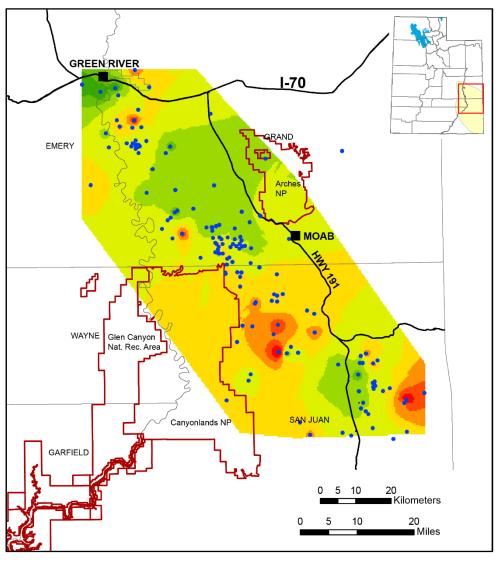




C Interval

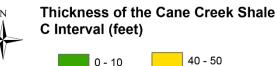
- Lower seal
- Thickness range = 10 to 81 feet
- Average thickness = 36 feet
- Generally thicker in south







- City
 - Road
- National Park Boundary



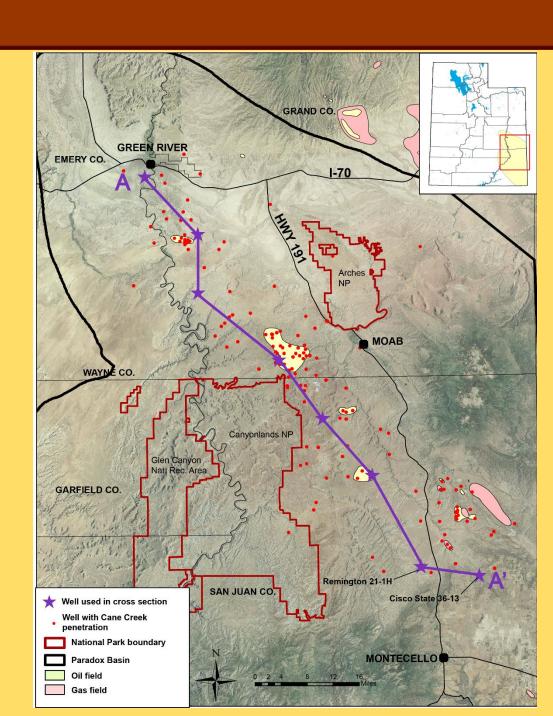


30 - 40

70 - 80

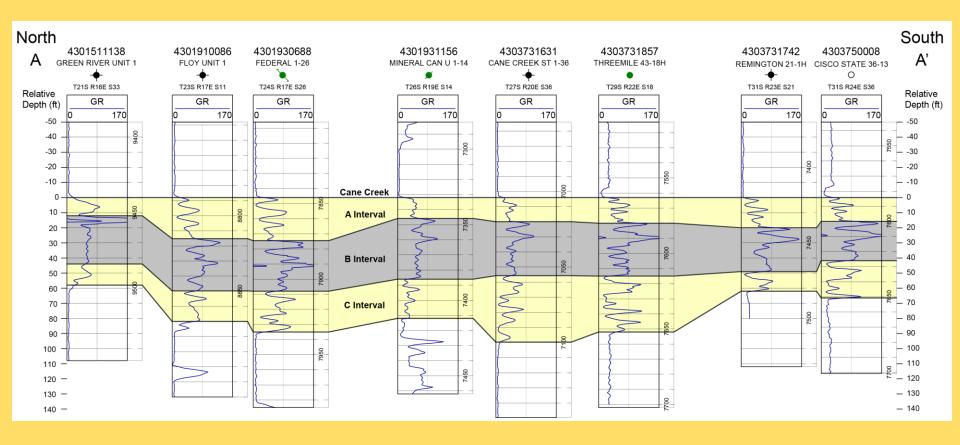


Cross Section





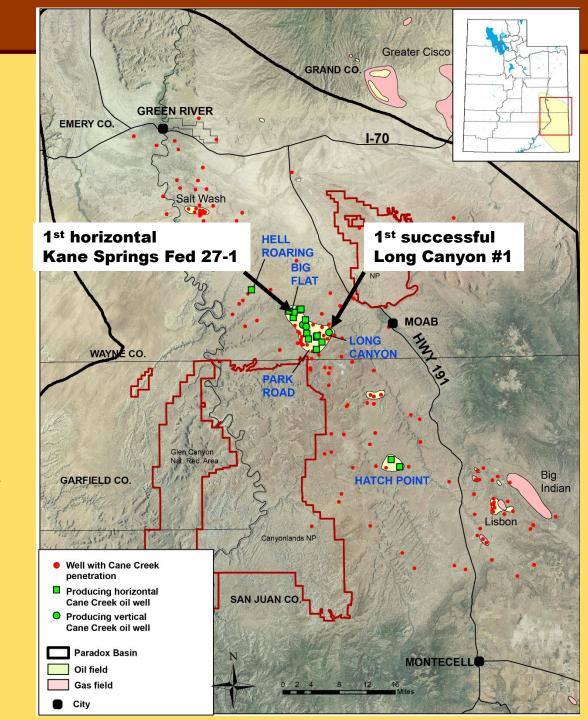
Cross Section



DNR

Cane Creek Production

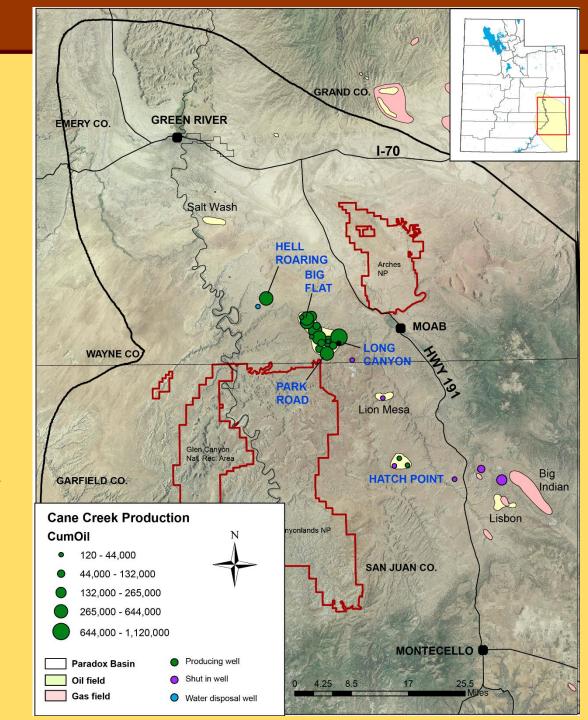
- Currently 5 producing fields
- Producing since 1960s
- 1st horizontal in 1991
- Cane Creek shale cumulative oil production >5.4 million barrels



DNR

Cane Creek Production

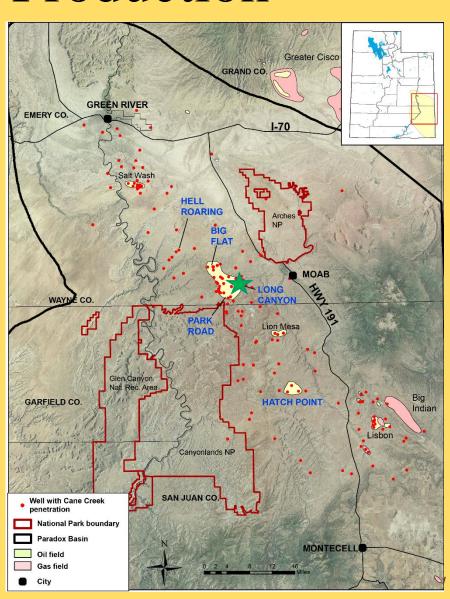
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Fidelity E&P Co. Long Canyon 1

- 1st successful vertical well
- Producing since 1962
- 2013 production = 2,665 BBLS



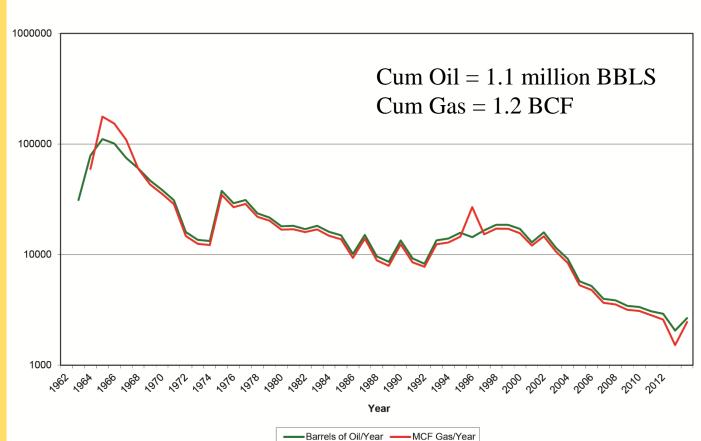


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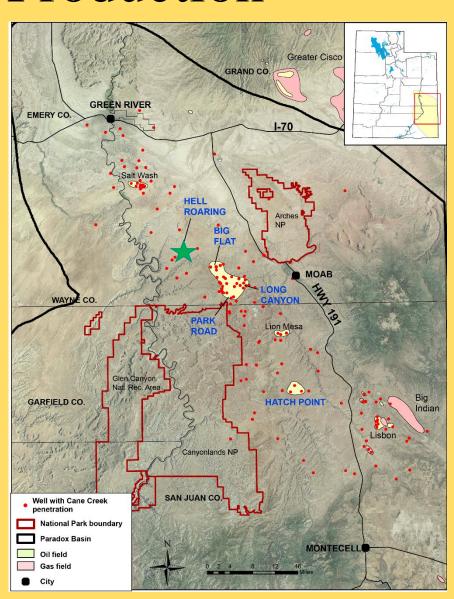
Annual Production





Fidelity E&P Co. Kane Springs Fed 10-1

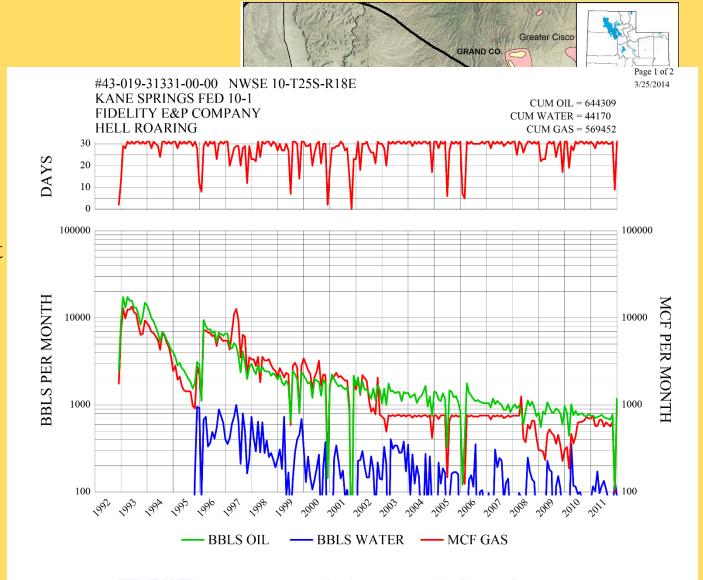
- Hell Roaring Field
- Horizontal, ~700 ft
- Producing since Nov. 1992
- 2013 production = 6,319 BBLS





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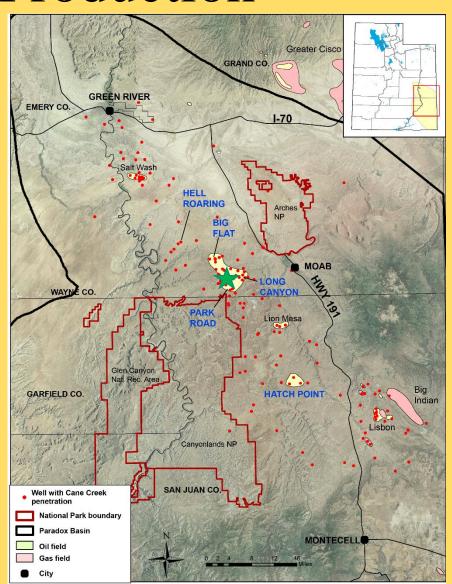




Fidelity E&P Co.

Cane Creek 12-1

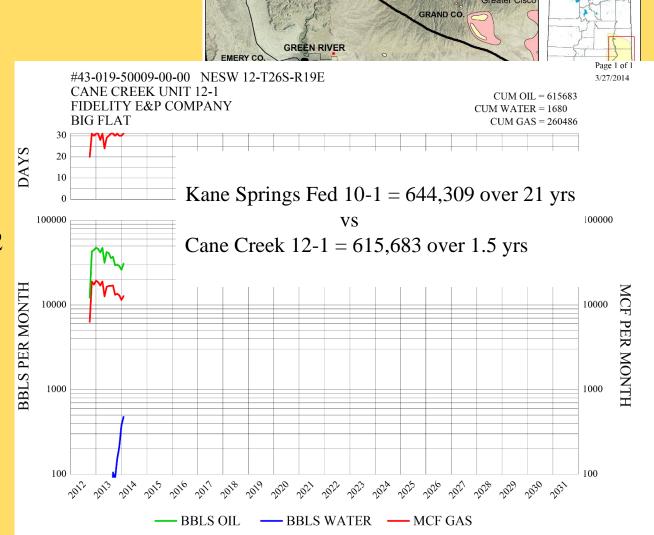
- Big Flat Field
- Horizontal, ~2400 ft
- Completed Nov. 2012
- 2013 production = 437,488 BBLS





Fidelity E&P Co. Cane Creek 12-1

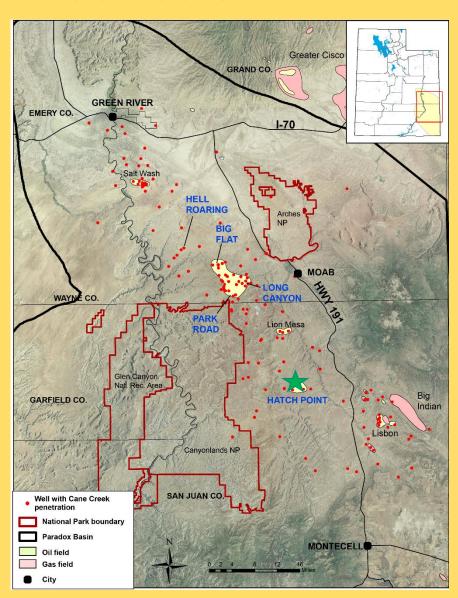
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Fidelity E&P Co. Threemile 12-7

- Hatch Point Field
- Horizontal, ~3,000 ft
- Producing since Jan 2011
- Produced 4,824BBLS in 2013



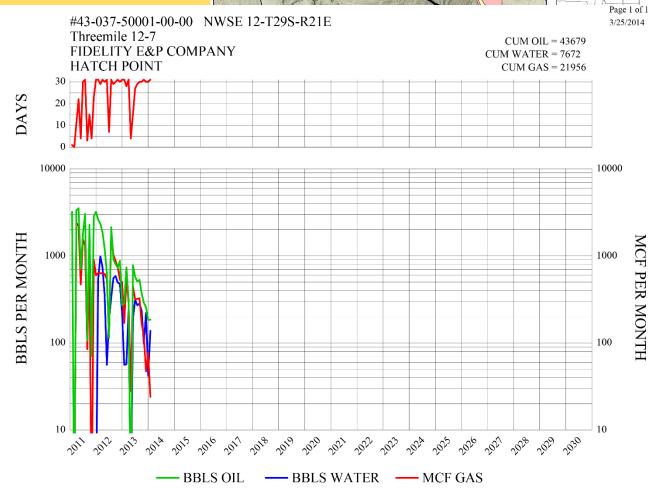






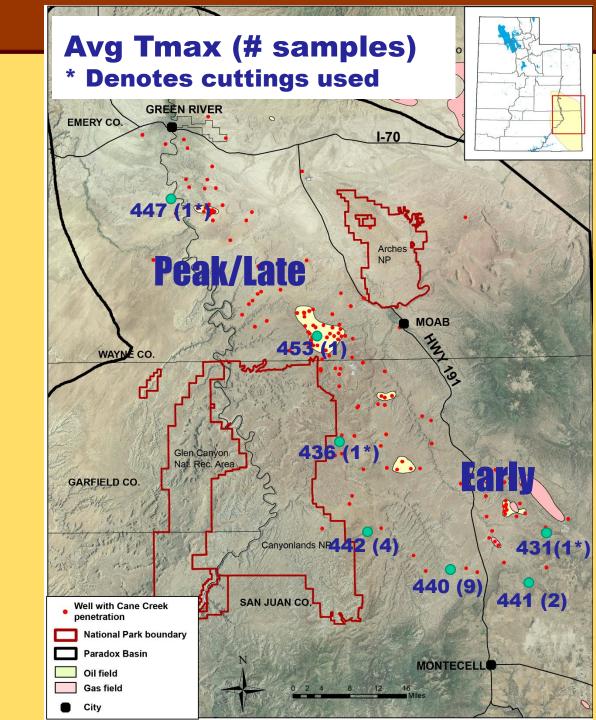
Fidelity E&P Co. Threemile 12-7

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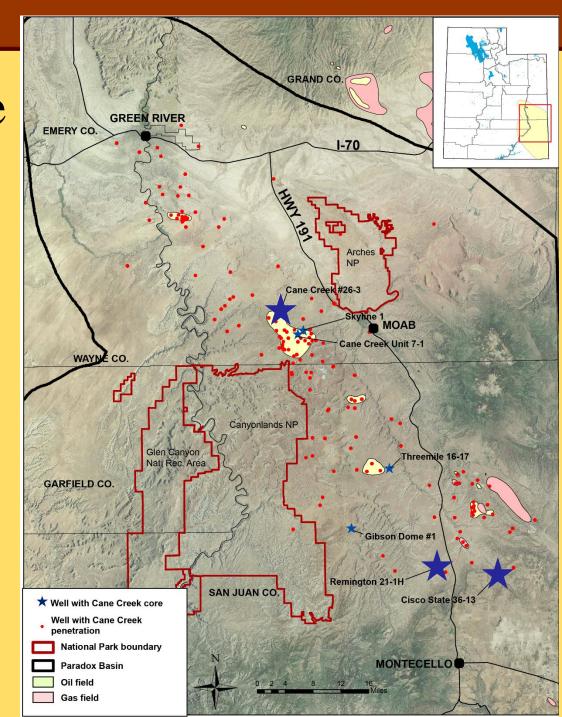
Thermal Maturity





Cane Creek Core

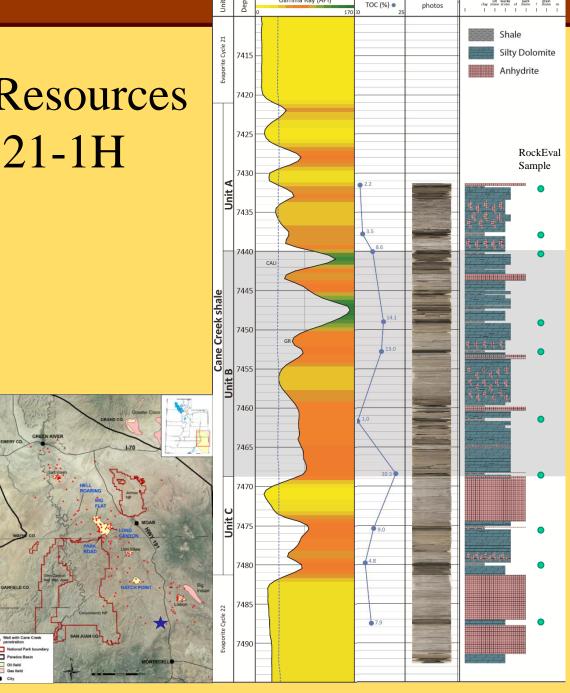
- Seven cores
- Currently studying
 - Cisco State 36-13
 - Vertical
 - Temp. Abandoned 2013
 - Overall thickness = 70 ft
 - B thickness = 26 ft
 - Remington 21-1H
 - Vertical with horizontal leg
 - Dry hole, P&A 2011
 - Overall thickness = 60 ft
 - B thickness = 29 ft
 - Cane Creek #26-3
 - Horizontal
 - Producing since 2012
 - Overall thickness = 90 ft
 - B thickness = ~ 30 ft
 - Confidential





Union Pacific Resources Remington 21-1H

- Total thickness = 60 ft
- B Interval
 - 29 feet thick
 - Silty dolomite, thin black shale, and minor mottled anhydrite
- Average TOC of shale in B interval 12%
- No open fractures

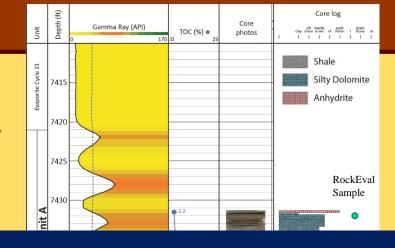


Gamma Ray (API)

Core log



Union Pacific Resources Remington 21-1H





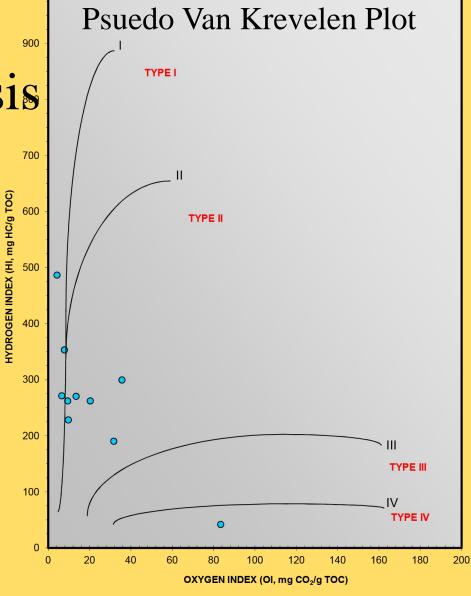
No open fractures





Remington 21-1H 500 Geochemical Analysis

1000

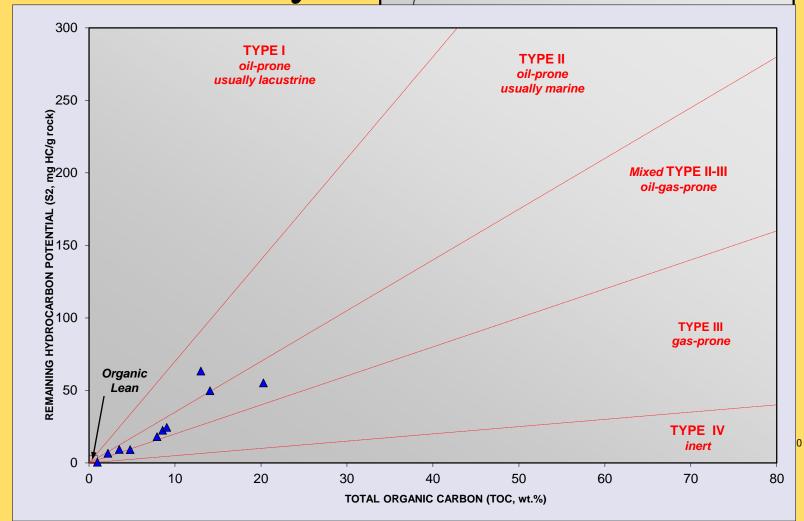




Remington 21-1H 500 Geochemical Analysis

Psuedo Van Krevelen Plot

TYPE I



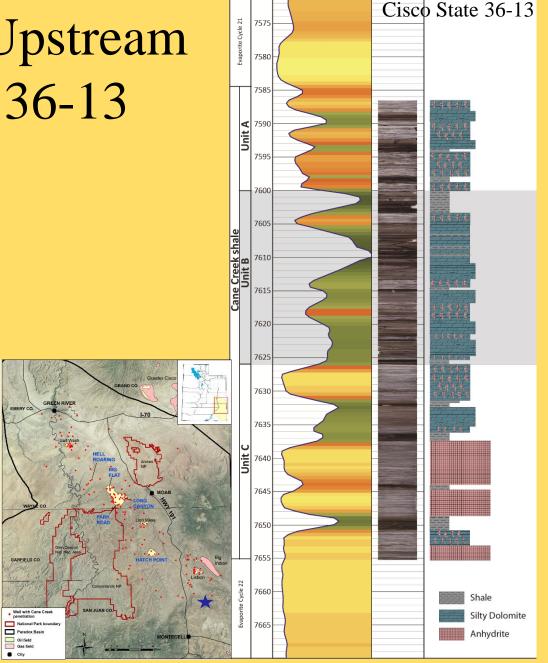
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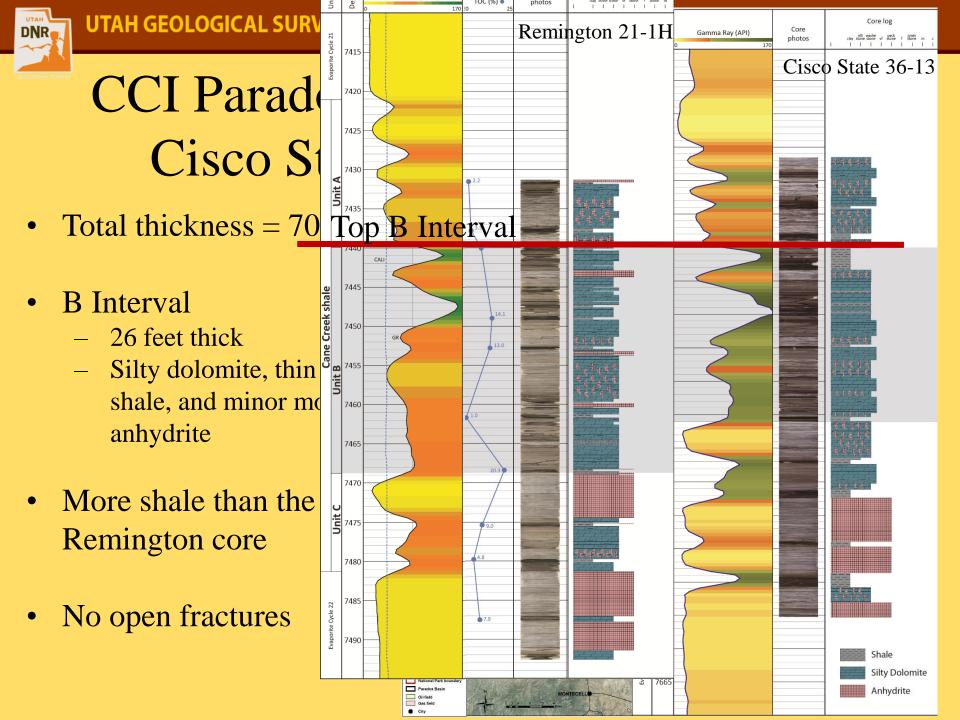
UTAH GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

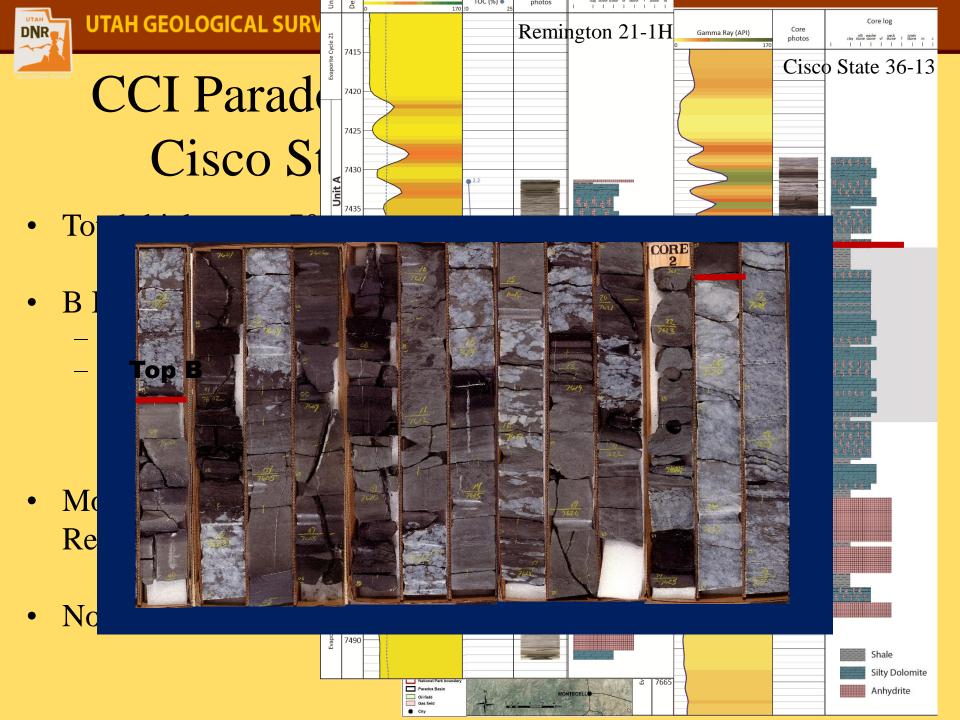
CCI Paradox Upstream Cisco State 36-13

- Total thickness = 70 ft
- B Interval
 - 26 feet thick
 - Silty dolomite, thin black shale, and minor mottled anhydrite
- More shale than the Remington core
- No open fractures



Gamma Ray (API)







Summary

Cane Creek Shale

- Bounded by salt
- Deeper in north
- 120+ feet thick

B Interval

- Reservoir bounded by anhydrite seals
- Dominantly silty dolomite, with some organic rich black shale and minor mottled anhydrite
- Natural open fractures not seen in core



Summary

Production

- Currently focused in central play area
- Production potential in north and south largely unknown
- B interval
 - Similar rock types but different lithologic percentages
 - Thickness doesn't appear to affect production
- Preliminary thermal maturity analyses indicate peak/late maturity in north and central areas, and early maturity in south



Further work

Detailed fracture study

• How fractures influence production

Fluid inclusion analysis

• Understand timing of fractures

Epifluorescence of cuttings and core

• Sweet spot identification

Geochemistry

Maturity analysis

Detailed geomechanical characterization and well completion analysis (Energy and Geoscience Institute, University of Utah)

- Cisco State 36-13
- Cane Creek 26-3
- Cane Creek 7-1



Thank you

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